

Financial Statements

Student Association of George Brown College

May 31, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of Student Association of George Brown College

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Student Association of George Brown College, which comprise the statement of financial position as at May 31, 2014, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Student Association of George Brown College as at May 31, 2014, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Great Thoraton LLP

Toronto, Canada November 25, 2014 Chartered Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Student Association of George Brown College Statement of Financial Position

As at May 31

	Unrestricted Fund	Building Fund	TTC Fund	Health Care Fund	Total 2014	Total 2014
Assets					0.014	2014
Current Cash Restricted cash for contingency (Note 5)	\$ 203,781 495,863	\$ 1,594,156	\$ 171,963	\$ 88 7,185	\$ 2,857,085	\$ 2,822,150
Accounts receivable Inventory Interfund advances (Note 7)	1,053,354 8,435	-	79,411 -	549,192	495,863 1,681,957 8,435	433,952 963,208 48,956
and and the total	133,392	222,503	(318,656)	(37,239)		
Para de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la	1,894,825	1,816,659	(67,282)	1,399,138	5,043,340	4,268,266
Property and equipment (Note 3)	37,628	5,857,812	350	1,547	5,897,337	6,135,264
	<u>\$ 1,932,453</u>	\$ 7,674,471	\$ (66,932)	\$ 1,400,685	\$ 10,940,677	\$ 10,403,530
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 246 100					
Government remittances Current portion of long-term debt (Note 4)	\$ 246,100 5,505	\$ 20,680 (1,779) <u>272,017</u>	\$ 170,551 	\$ 57,373	\$ 494,704 3,726 272,017	\$ 704,295 2,125 115,715
**	251,605	272,918	170,551	57,373	770,447	822,135
.ong-term debt (Note 4)		2,982,091			2,982,091	3,254,108
Net assets	251,605	3,273,009	170,551	57,373	3,752,538	4,076,243
Unrestricted Invested in property and equipment Restricted	1,147,357 37,628 495,863	2,603,704 	(237,833) 350	1,547 1,341,765	909,524 2,643,229 3,635,386	603,808 2,765,441 2,958,038
	1,680,848	4.401.462	(237,483)	1,343,312	7,188,139	6,327,287
	\$_1,932,453	<u>\$ 7,674,471</u>	\$ (66,932)	\$ 1,400,685	\$ 10,940,677	\$ 10,403,530

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Student Association of George Brown College Statement of Changes in Net Assets As at May 31

	Unrestricte Fun		TTC Fund	Health Care Fund	Total 2014	Total 2014
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 1,346,53	9 \$ 4,085,840	\$ (260,924)	\$ 1,155,832	\$ 6,327,287	\$ 6,516,246
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	334,30	9315,622	23,441	187,480	860,852	(188,959)
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,680,84	8 \$ 4,401,462	\$ (237,483)	\$ 1,343,312	\$ 7,188,139	\$ 6,327,287
Net invested in property and equipment	\$ 37,62	8 \$ 2,603,704	\$ 350	\$ 1,547	\$ 2,643,229	\$ 2,765,441
Net restricted assets (Note 5)	495,86	3 1,797,758	1944	1,341,765	3,635,386	2,958,038
Net unrestricted assets	1,147,35	7	(237,833)	·	909,524	603,808
Net assets, end of year	\$_1,680,84	8 \$ 4,401,462	\$ (237,483)	\$ 1,343,312	\$ 7,188,139	\$ 6,327,287

Student Association of George Brown College Statement of Operations Year ended May 31

	Unrestricted Fund	Building Fund	TTC Fund	Health Care Fund	Total 2014	Tota 2013
Revenues						
Student association fees	\$ 2,713,934	\$ 1,366,942	s -	₾ E 240 070		and the second second
Sales	251,919	Ψ 1,000,342	2,632,864	\$ 5,318,078	\$ 9,398,954	\$ 7,743,098
Leasing	188,363		2,032,004	## #W	2,884,783	2,343,551
Grants	109,356	_	121,227	3 .0	188,363	184,399
Interest	14.846	20,377	3,105	17,946	230,583 56,274	226,180
					30,274	62,259
	<u>3,278,418</u>	1,387,319	2,757,196	5,336,024	12,758,957	10,559,487
Expenses	*/				12,100,001	10,539,701
Health insurance premiums						
Services, programs and purchases				5,045,481	5,045,481	4,314,578
Wages and benefits	547,497		2,627,301	==	3,174,798	2,745,731
Amortization	1,945,630	183,257	63,947	94,335	2,287,169	2,176,025
Interest and bank charges	9,407	607,374	88	387	617,256	645,417
Social events	89,186	175,896	35,228	157	300,467	352,340
Maintenance and repairs	289,582	400 507	35 0	•	289,582	320,139
Office and general	2,271	102,527		-	104,798	67,129
Conferences	31,464 22,564	2,643	6,118	-	40,225	58,934
Marketing	6,508	-	4.070		22,564	45,851
•	0,500		1,073	8,184	15,765	22,302
	2,944.109	1,071,697	2,733,755	5,148,544	_11,898,105	_10,748,446
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$ 334,309	\$ 315,622	<u>\$ 23,441</u>	\$ 187,480	\$ 860,852	\$ (188,959)

Student Association of George Brown College Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended May 31	2014	2013
Increase (decrease) in cash		8
Operating		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Item not affecting cash	\$ 860,852	\$ (188,959)
Amortization	<u>617,258</u>	645,417
	1,478,108	456,458
Change in non-cash working capital	·, / · · · · · · · · ·	-700,700
Accounts receivable	(718,749)	(309,519)
Inventory	40,521	(32,418)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(209,591)	239,719
Government remittances	1,601	48,945
	591,890	403,185
Investing	ii.	
Purchase of property and equipment	<u>(379,329)</u>	(3,299,595)
Financing		
Repayment of long-term debt	(115,715)	(109,739)
Net change in cash	96,846	(3,006,149)
Cash		•
Beginning of year	3,256,102	6,262,251
End of year	<u>\$ 3,352,948</u> \$	3,256,102

May 31, 2014

Nature of operations and economic dependence

The Student Association of George Brown College (the "Association") is a not-for-profit corporation without share capital and exempt from income taxes. The purpose of the Association is to provide services to the students of The George Brown College of Applied Arts and Technology (the "College"). The Association is dependent upon the College because the College collects the Association's fees from the students together with tuition receipts, and remits them to the Association. The College has also guaranteed the Association's debt as indicated in Note 4.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Association follows Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO) in preparing its financial statements. The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

Revenue recognition

The collection and amount of non-academic incidental fees charged to students is regulated by the Ontario Ministry of Training Colleges and Universities through its Ontario Operating Funds Distribution Manual and Compulsory Ancillary Fee Policy Guidelines. Pursuant to these, a change to, or introduction, of a fee must be made in accordance with the Ministry's guidelines and the long-term protocol established between the College and its student government. The agreement between the Association and the College requires a referendum of the student body for significant changes to or the introduction of additional fees.

Student association fees are recognized at the beginning of each school term as determined and remitted by the College. Sales revenues are recognized when the related goods or services are provided. Leasing income is recognized at the beginning of each month on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Grants are recognized when received or receivable, provided that collection is reasonably assured. Interest income is accrued as it is earned.

Externally restricted contributions

The component of fees collected from students for general operations is recognized in the Unrestricted Fund. Other components of the fee which were established for a specific purpose through referendum of the student body are recognized as externally restricted contributions. This includes the fees collected for the group health and dental insurance plan, and the building fund fees, which are each recognized in their own fund using the restricted fund method. Due to the smaller size of the contingency fund, it is recognized using the deferral method within the Unrestricted Fund.

Donated materials and services

The Association receives the benefit of volunteer services from the student body throughout the fiscal year for various events; however, an amount has not been recorded to recognize these amounts due to the difficulty in determining their fair market value.

May 31, 2014

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Inventory

Inventory, consisting primarily of finished goods, is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is recorded using the first in, first out method of accounting.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided for on a declining balance basis using the following rates:

Furniture and fixtures	25	20%
Computer equipment		30%
Casa Loma and Waterfront Student Centres		3%
Leasehold improvements	Straight line of	over life of lease

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with ASNPO requires the Association to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the notes. These estimates primarily relate to the useful life of the property and equipment, which affects the net book value and amortization expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Financial instruments

The Association considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument, except in certain limited circumstances. The Association accounts for the following as financial instruments:

- cash
- restricted cash for contingency
- accounts receivable
- accounts payable
- long-term debt

Financial assets or liabilities obtained in arms length transactions are initially measured at their fair value and financial assets or liabilities obtained in related party transactions are measured at their exchange amount.

The Association subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

May 31, 2014

3. Property and equipment

	Cost	Accumulated <u>Amortization</u>	2014 Net Book <u>Value</u>	2013 Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment Casa Loma Student Centre Waterfront Student Centre Leasehold improvements	\$ 1,010,728 469,756 4,084,496 1,130,000 2,590,115	\$ 796,980 367,101 1,151,720 66,782 1,005,175	\$ 213,748 102,655 2,932,776 1,063,218 	\$ 232,770 79,411 3,023,480 1,096,100
	\$ 9,285,095	\$ 3,387,758	\$ 5,897,337	\$ 6,135,264

The amount shown as Casa Loma Student Centre and the Waterfront Student Centre represents the Association's agreed share of construction costs related to the portion of the buildings which it occupies under a 49-year lease with an option to renew.

4. Long-term debt		in the same of the
	2014	2013
Scotiabank mortgage bearing interest at 5.3%, repayable in blended monthly payments of \$36,833, maturing November 30, 2015 and guaranteed by		
the College	\$ 3,254,108	\$ 3,369,823
Less; current portion	272,017	115,715
Long-term portion	\$ 2,982,091	\$ 3,254,108
Principal payments due under the remaining term of the mortgage:		
2015 2016	\$ 2 72 ,017 2,982,091	

The Association has \$50,000 available on corporate credit cards, and a \$600,000 standby letter of credit with Scotiabank which is guaranteed by the College and held as security for the TTC metro pass program. Pursuant to the credit agreement with the bank, the Association is subject to the banking covenants described in Note 6.

May 31, 2014

5. Restrictions on net assets

Internally restricted net assets

TTC fund

The Association has entered into an arrangement with the Toronto Transit Commission (TTC) to make available the sale of discounted monthly passes to students.

Externally restricted net assets

Building Fund

A portion of the annual fees are restricted for the purpose of financing building and maintenance of the student centres at the College campuses.

Health Care Fund

A portion of the annual fees are restricted for the purpose of providing students with affordable medical coverage while they attend George Brown College. The fund is only to be used to: offset the costs of health plan premium increases to students; increase health plan benefits; improve the delivery of health plan services; and conduct research, surveys, and outreach services to members.

Contingency Fund

A portion of the annual fees are restricted for the purpose of financing general contingencies. This is disclosed in the financial statements as a restricted cash balance.

Management of capital

The primary objective in managing the Association's capital is to maintain operational liquidity while complying with the debt covenant agreed to under the credit facilities with the bank. Maintaining liquidity involves controlling disbursements such that sufficient cash is on hand to sustain operations between the receipt of ancillary fees from the College and to mitigate the liquidity risk inherent in the uncertain timing of these receipts.

Earnings ratio	2014	2013
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Amortization Interest	\$ 860,852 617,256 300,467	\$ (188,959) 645,417 352,340
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization	\$ 1,778,575	\$ 808,798
Interest expense Current-portion of long term debt	\$ 300,467 272,017	\$ 352,340 115,715
Total debt coverage	\$ 572,484	\$ 468,055
Ratio to be 1.10:1.00 or greater	3.11:1.00	1.73:1.00

May 31, 2014

7. Interfund advances

Advances between funds are non-interest bearing and have no specific terms of repayment.

Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming, or transferring to another party, one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Association's main credit risks relate to its accounts receivable.

At May 31, 2014, the Association has recognized an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$Nil (2013-\$Nil). In the opinion of management, the credit risk exposure to the Association is low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Association is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable.

The Association reduces its exposure to figuridity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due, and ensuring adequate cash reserves are on hand to repay creditors.